

Higgs Boson Transverse Momentum **Spectrum at the LHC**



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Goal of precision studies of Higgs Boson

Constrain the Standard Model (SM) and discover physics beyond SM.

Higgs transverse momentum (pT) measurements at the LHC

- LHC Run III and HL-LHC expect to achieve $\pm 10\%$ accuracy.
- pT spectrum covering wide energy range constrains SM in different aspects.

Predictions of Higgs boson pT spectrum at the LHC

- The dominant Higgs boson production channel at the LHC is gluon fusion through a quark loop.
- Introduce effective fields (EFT) from SM (integrating out heavy quark loops)



to simplify Higgs-gluon couplings:

$$\mathscr{L}_{EFT} = -\frac{\lambda}{4} G^{\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu} H$$

• **Right:** Sketch of the Higgs pT spectrum from the gluon fusion channel.



All order resummation at small pT								
 Unphysical contributions from singular log terms: 								
$\ln^{k}(m_{H}^{2}/p_{T}^{2})/p_{T}^{2}$								
 Soft and collinear radiations factorise from hard process. 								
 Cross check of singular log behaviour (red line in left): 								
$[d\sigma^F/dp_T^2 - d\sigma^S/dp_T^2] \xrightarrow{p_T \to 0} 0$								

Use renormalisation group to resume the singular terms.

• State-of-the-art precision is N³LL resummation of N³LO [1].

Left: Higgs pT spectrum from fixed order (F), singular (S) and non-singular (N = FO - S) contributions.

$lpha_{_{S}}$ counting	$\ln W(x_a, x_b, m_H, \overrightarrow{b}, \mu = b_0/b) \sim$						
α_s	$\ln^2(b^2m_H^2)$	$\ln(b^2 m_H^2)$	1				$rac{d\hat{\sigma}^{H}_{NLO}}{dp^{H}_{T}}$
α_s^2	$\ln^3(b^2m_H^2)$	$\ln^2(b^2m_H^2)$	$\ln(b^2 m_H^2)$	1			$rac{d\hat{\sigma}^{H}_{NNLO}}{dp^{H}_{T}}$
α_s^3	$\ln^4(b^2m_H^2)$	$\ln^3(b^2m_H^2)$	$\ln^2(b^2m_H^2)$	$\ln(b^2 m_H^2)$	1		$rac{d \hat{\sigma}^{H}_{N^{3}LC}}{d p^{H}_{T}}$
•••		•••			•••		
$lpha_s^k$	$\ln^{k+1}(b^2 m_H^2)$	$\ln^k(b^2m_H^2)$	$\ln^{k-1}(b^2 m_H^2)$	$\ln^{k-2}(b^2m_H^2)$		1	$rac{d \hat{\sigma}^{H}_{N^{k}LC}}{d p^{H}_{T}}$
					•••	•••	•••
Resum order	LL	NLL	NNLL	N3LL		$N^{k+1}LL$	
A expansion	A_1	A_2	<i>A</i> ₃	A_4		A_{k+2}	
B expansion		<i>B</i> ₁	<i>B</i> ₂	<i>B</i> ₃		B_{k+1}	

Above: Perturbative expansion of α_s and its corresponding singular log terms in softcollinear-effective-field theory (SCET) [1].

Fixed order predictions at medium pT

- Use parton level event generator NNLOJET.
- Apply antenna subtraction to regulate NNLO infrared divergences.
- Higgs + jet production in EFT framework at NNLO:

NLO EFT

NNLO EFT



80

100

p_T[GeV]

60

Matching small and medium pT

- Additive matching NNLOJET \oplus SCET [1].
- Use profile function for smooth transition.
- Conservative theoretical uncertainty estimation
 - 11 combinations of scale variation
 - 6 profile functions for matching
 - Taking envelope of 66 combinations
- Theoretical uncertainty of Higgs pT spectrum at N³LL \oplus NNLO reduces to at most $\pm 10\%$.

Left: Higgs Boson pT spectrum below 200 GeV $\frac{1}{200}$ with N³LL resummation matched with NNLO.

NLO SM



Extension to high pT region and compare the full spectrum with LHC data

• EFT approach breaks down at large pT region (> 200 GeV) due to high energy flow in the quark loop.

160

140

120

• Need to consider the full SM gluon fusion to Higgs boson where only the second order contribution (NLO) in the perturbative expansion is known recently [2].



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LO EFT

References [1] X. Chen, T. Gehrmann et al., Precise QCD Description of the Higgs Boson Transverse Momentum Spectrum, arXiv:1805.00736 [hep-ph]. [2] S. P. Jones, M. Kerner et al., Next-to-Leading-Order QCD Corrections to Higgs Boson Plus Jet Production with Full Top-Quark Mass Dependence Phys. Rev. Lett. 120 (2018) no.16, 162001

[3] The ATLAS collaboration, Measurements of Higgs Boson Properties in the Diphoton Decay Channel Using 80 fb⁻¹ of pp Collision Data at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS Detector, ATLAS-CONF=2018-028.