



Oxide Interface Physics

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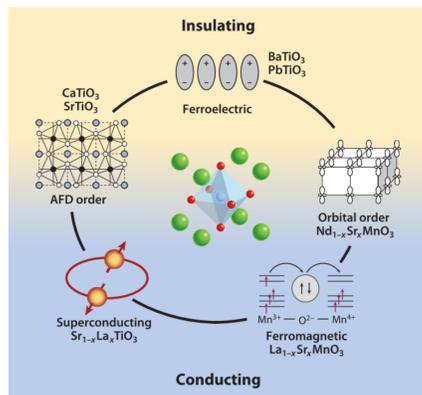


University of Zurich ^{UZH}



Why oxide thin films and superlattices?

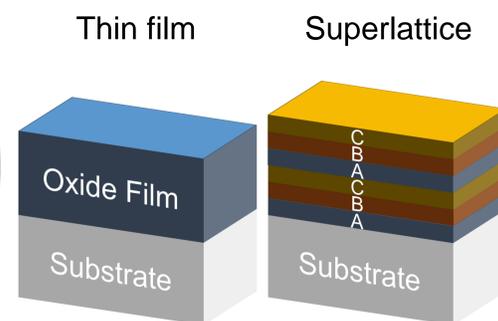
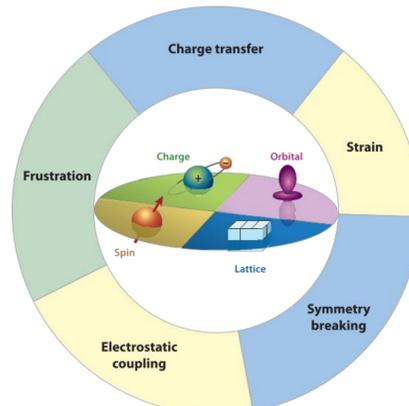
- Electronic correlations in transition metal oxides give rise to exotic properties:



- (Anti-)Ferroelectricity
- (Anti-)Ferromagnetism
- Multiferroicity
- Orbital ordering
- Superconductivity
- Metal-to-insulator behavior
- Colossal magnetoresistance
- Mott insulating character
- Memristive switching
- Jahn-Teller distortions
- Etc...

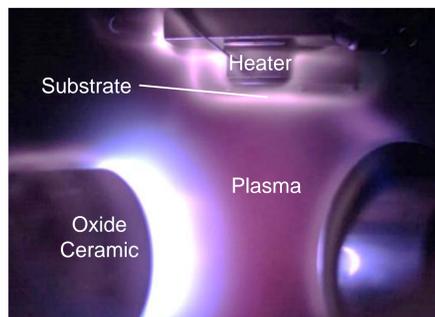
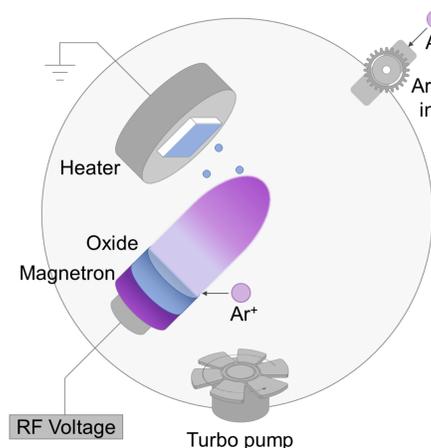
Zubko et al., *Ann. Rev. Cond. Matt. Phys.* 2, 141 (2011)

- Growth of oxide heterostructures (thin films, superlattices) enables further tuning of oxides' functionalities and also allows novel material properties to be found!



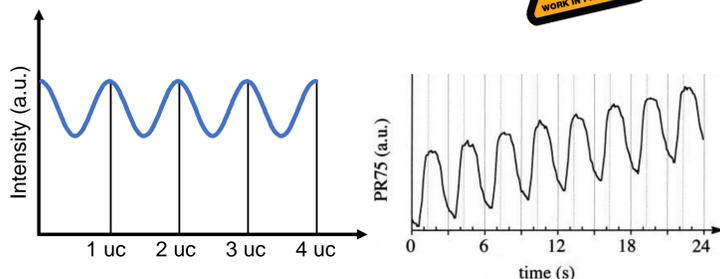
Complex Oxide Growth

By Radio Frequency (RF) off-axis magnetron sputtering

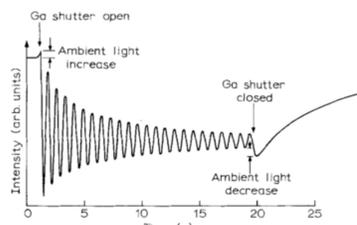


Off-axis geometry increases crystalline quality

Real-time (in-situ) characterization



Optical reflectance
Dietz, *Mat. Sci. Eng. B* 87, 1 (2001)



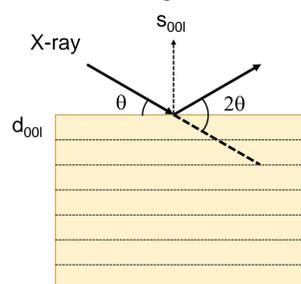
Electron diffraction (RHEED)
Neave et al., *Appl. Phys.* A 31, 1 (1983)

Our laboratories

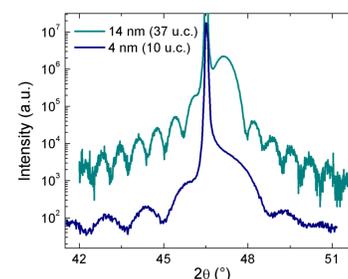
Structural Characterization

To check the crystalline quality of the heterostructures

High resolution X-ray Diffraction (XRD)

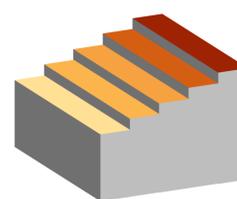


Lattice periodicity in reciprocal space

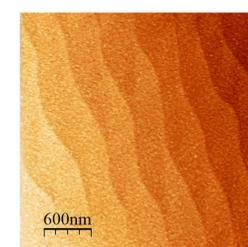


Fringe oscillations related to different film thickness

Atomic Force Microscopy (AFM)

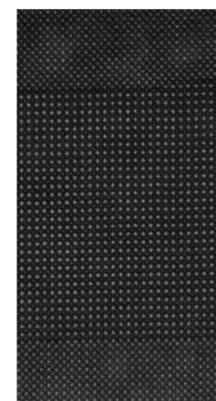


Atomic steps (~4Å high)



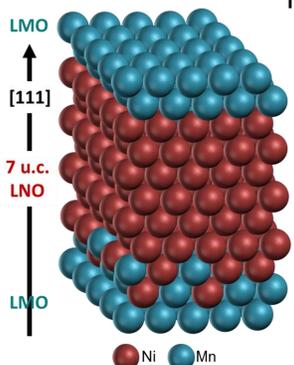
Scanning Transmission Electron Microscopy (STEM)

Oxide interfaces resolved with atomic resolution!



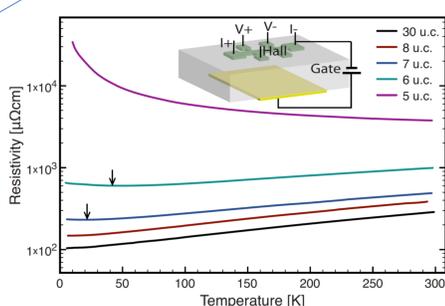
Perovskite (ABO₃)
A = Rare Earth
B = Transition Metal
O = Oxygen

Magnetism



Spiral magnetic ordering induced in LaNiO₃ (LNO) when grown in superlattice

Transport

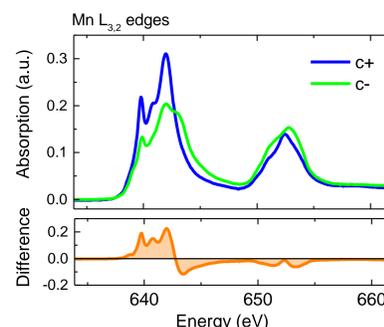


LaNiO₃ is conductive in bulk

Thickness-driven metal-to-insulator transition in LaNiO₃ films

Scherwitzl et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 106, 246403 (2011)

Synchrotron



X-ray Absorption Spectroscopy (XAS)

Circular Dichroism (XMCD) gives elemental-specific (Mn) information on magnetic moment

Electronic properties