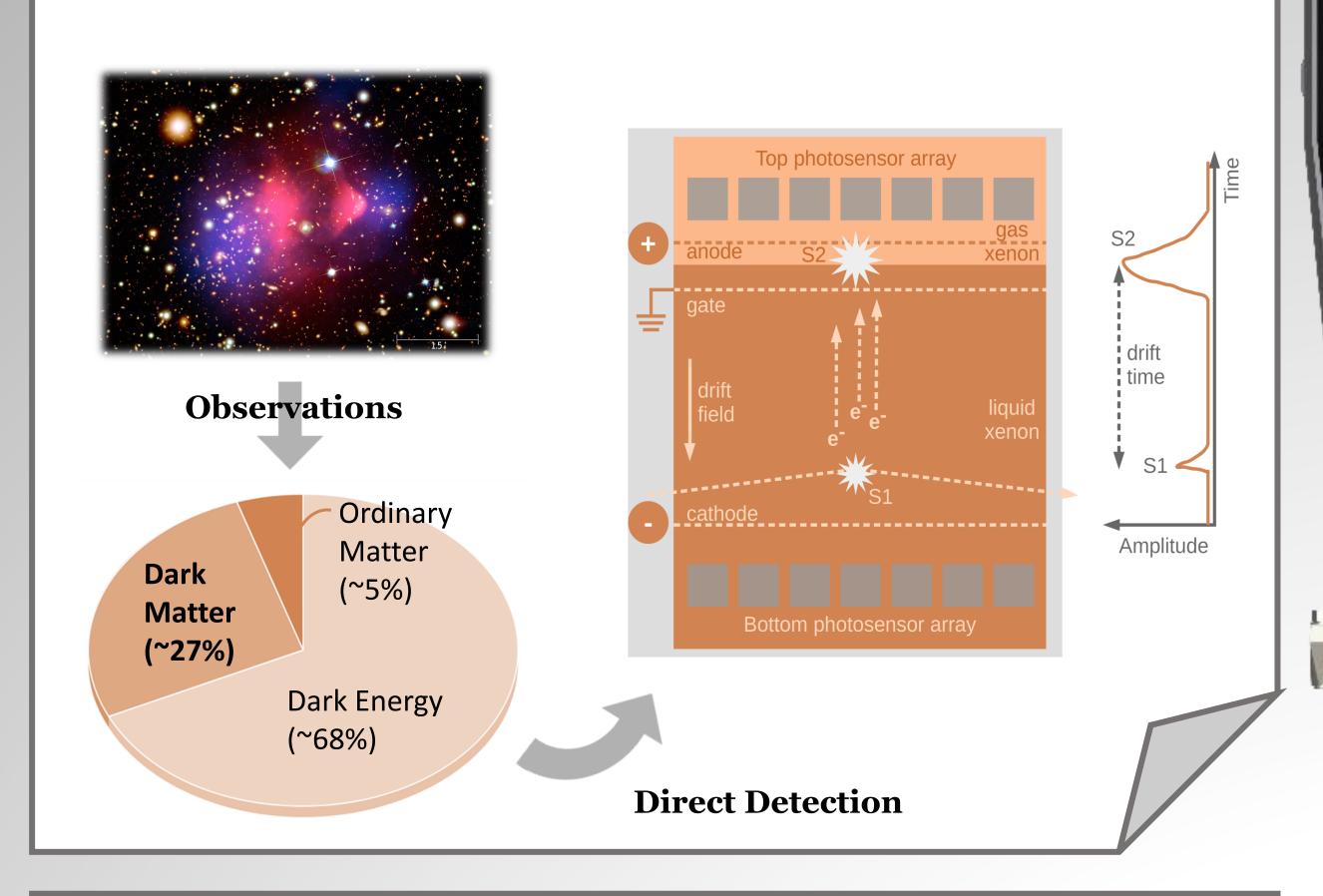


### Xenoscope – A full-scale vertical demonstrator for DARWIN

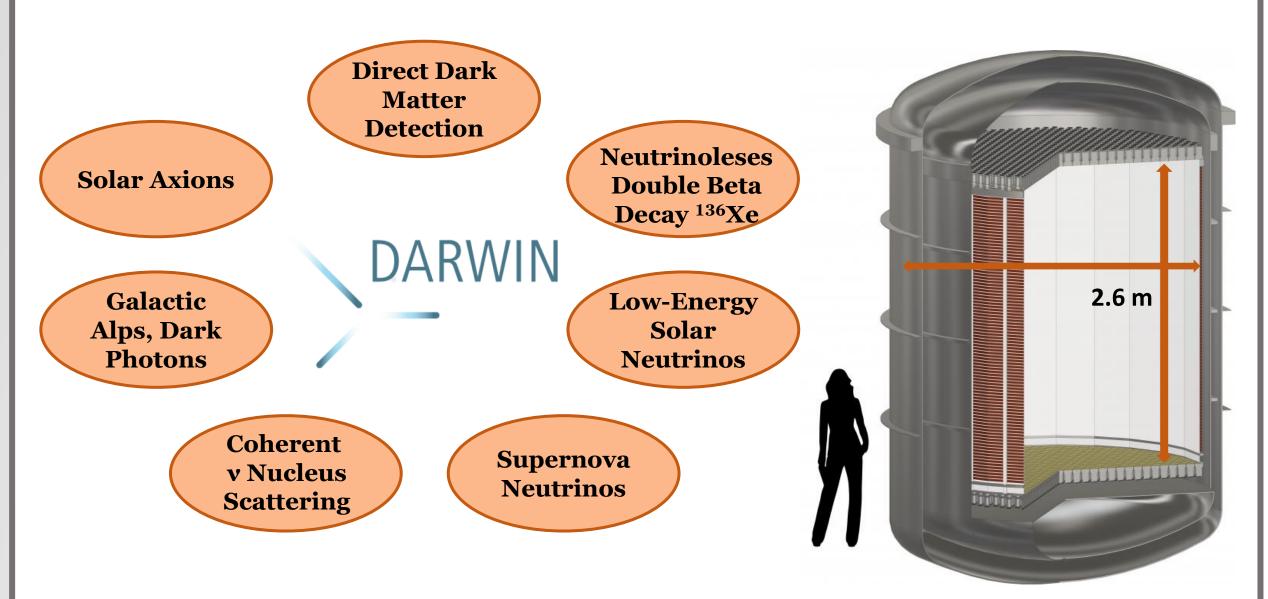
Alexander Bismark and Ricardo Peres, on behalf of the Baudis Group (2021)



#### Dark matter and direct detection



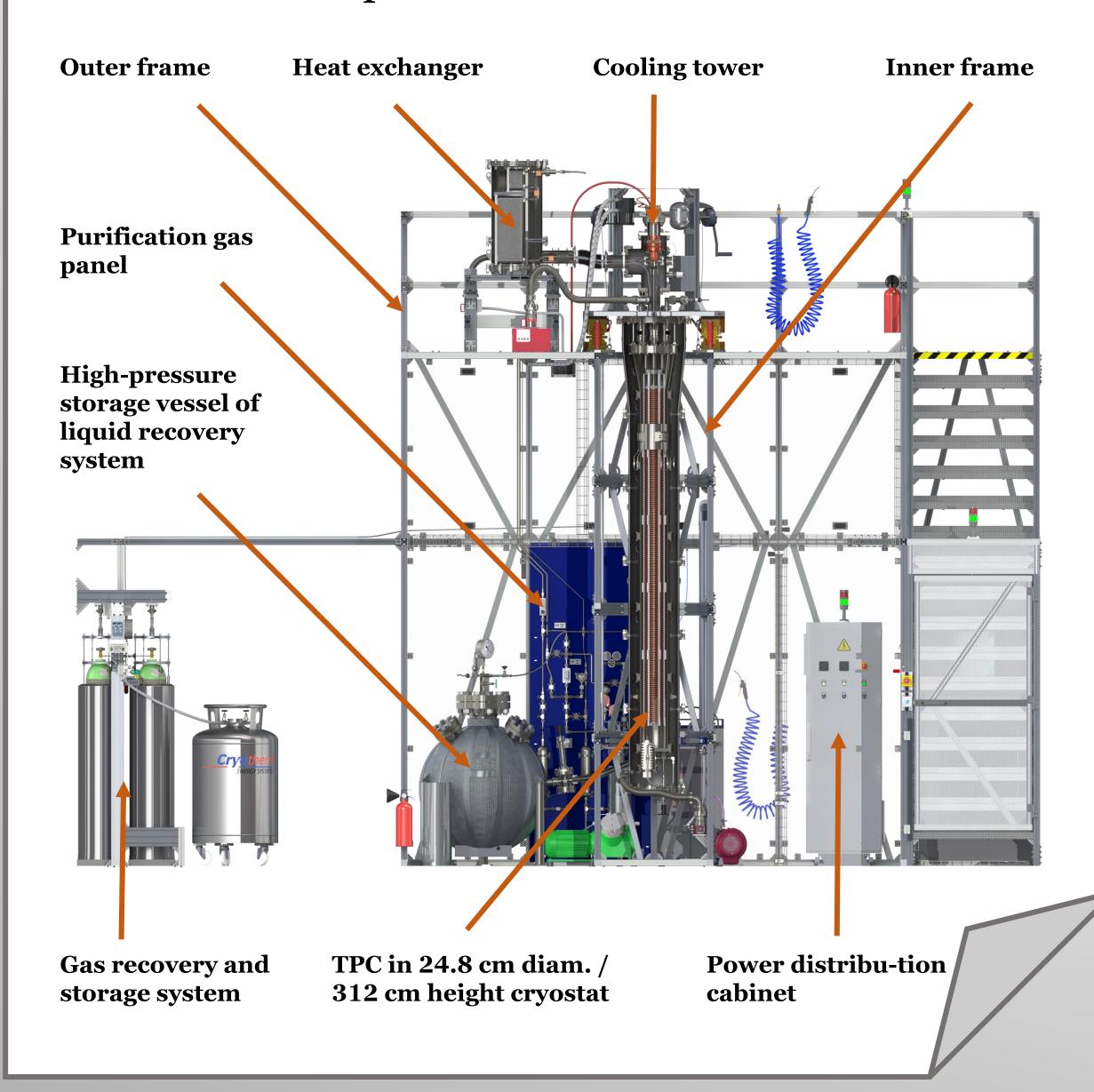
# DARWIN – the next generation dark matter and neutrinos observatory



Dual-phase time projection chamber with 50 tonnes of liquid xenon (40 t active) to, among others, probe the WIMP phase space down to the irreducible neutrino background.

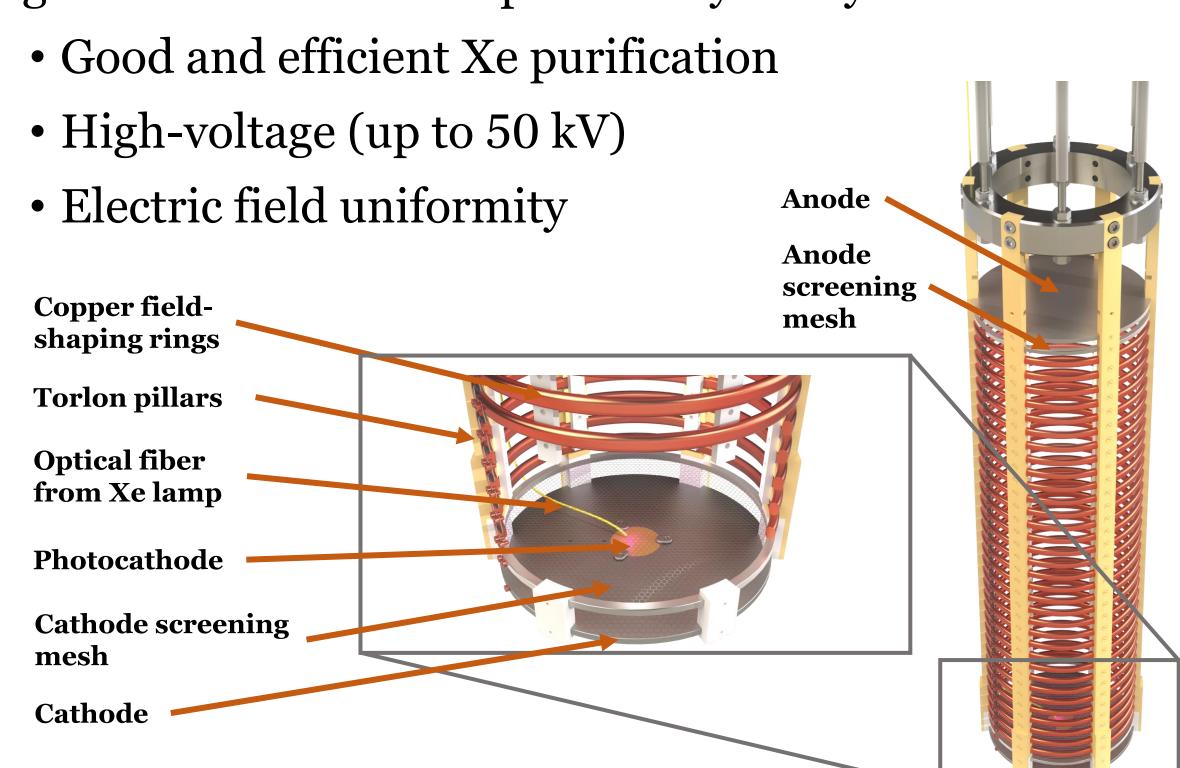
## The Xenoscope R&D Platform

Design, build and operate a full-height LXe TPC as a prototype for the DARWIN observatory, with the main goals to address the key requirements for drifting electrons over 2.6 m and to determine the required fast recirculation and purification rate of LXe.



## **Drifting electrons – Purity Monitor**

Electronegative impurities (O<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>O) in the LXe capture drifting electrons, reducing the size of the charge signals. To achieve 2.6m of drift length and keep a good electron survival probability the system needs:



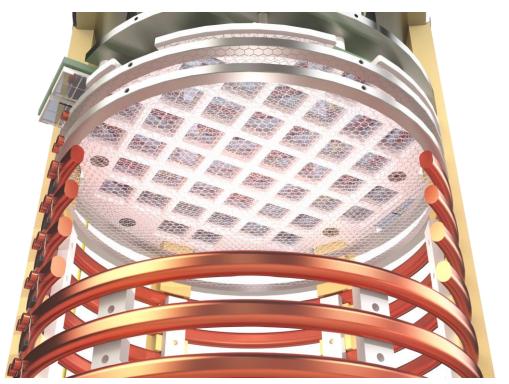
In a purity monitor, the number of electrons produced is controlled (a lamp shines on a photocathode, emitting  $O(10^6)$  electrons). Charge signals are collected in the

Cathode signal — Anode signal — Anod

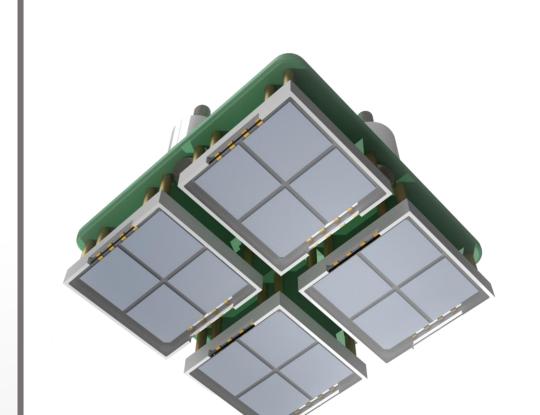
cathode and anode to calculate the electron lifetime.

## Next stage – TPC with SiPM array

Once electron drift is achieved and the purification power of the system benchmarked, the main chamber will be converted to a liquid and gas xenon TPC. The proportional scintillation



light will be observed by 192 6x6 mm<sup>2</sup> Silicon Photomultiplier (SiPM) cells, arranged in tiles of 16.



SiPM main advantages:

- Low material mass and low radioactivity
- Very good single photoelectron resolution
- No HV required
- Stable and durable

#### Want to know more about it?

Contact us!



DARWIN

darwin-observatory.org



@DarwinObserv

#### **References:**

[1] L. Baudis et al., Design and construction of Xenoscope – a full-scale vertical demonstrator for the DARWIN observatory, JINST 16 (2021) P08052.

[2] DARWIN collaboration, J. Aalbers et al., DARWIN: towards the ultimate dark matter detector, JCAP 11 (2016) 017.